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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/622,621	07/18/2003	Jan Weber	S63.2-10856-US01	2650
490 7590 05/14/2007 VIDAS, ARRETT & STEINKRAUS, P.A.			EXAMINER	
6109 BLUE CIRCLE DRIVE			KOHARSKI, CHRISTOPHER	
SUITE 2000 MINNETONKA, MN 55343-9185			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3763	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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1	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/622,621	WEBER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Christopher D. Koharski	3763
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the malling date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Fe This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims	•	·
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-62 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-26 and 39-62 is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 27-38 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 28,30,31 and 33-38 is/are objected to 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	e withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	÷ , ,	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		(070.440)
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date (x3). 	4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Examiner discussed with Applicants Representative (Walter Steinkraus, Reg# 29,592) on 3/07/2007, the current and pending election restrictions in the case.

Examiner and Applicant's representative came to an agreement to adjust the restriction groups to include claims 27-38 in one group and the other outstanding pending claims in a different group. Examiner has agreed to examine claims 27-38 and withdraw all other outstanding claims.

Claims 1-26 and 39-62 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected group, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 2/16/2007.

Applicant's election with traverse of the claims 27-38 in the reply filed on 2/16/2007 and the telephonic discussion is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that subsequent election restrictions were improper and Applicant did not get chose his elected invention fully. This is not found persuasive because Examiner has telephoned Applicant's Representative to discuss the claims that can be examined in the 604 class and not required to be transferred out of class. Examiner asserts that this has resolved the current restriction traversal.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statemenst (IDS) that were submitted on 9/29/2003, 3/30/2005 and 6/21/2005 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97.

Accordingly, the examiner is considering the information disclosure statements.

Claim Objections

Claims 28-31 and 33-38 are objected to because of the following informalities: Examiner requests that Applicant write out all claim limitations and clarify the claimed subject material with regards to the product by process claims. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 27-29 and 32-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Crocker et al. (6,120,523). Crocker et al. discloses a focalized intraluminal balloon.

Regarding claims 27-29 and 32-37, Crocker et al. discloses a medical balloon (18) having a longitudinal axis and proximal (26) and distal (28) ends, the balloon formed of a polymer material (col 6, ln 25-40), the balloon connecting to a coaxial shaft (37) at a proximal end thereof and connecting to the same or a different coaxial shaft at the distal end thereof (39), and having a central body wall portion (30) between each

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end spaced apart from the balloon ends and connected thereto by means of tapering proximal and distal wall (38, 42) portions, respectively, wherein the balloon further comprises a lumen (32) extending longitudinally therethrough, said lumen passing through the proximal and distal wall portions of the balloon (Figures 1-4). Crocker et al. discloses a polymeric balloon that is capable of being radiation cured and is capable of being made of a fluidizable polymer composition, that is comprised of a multi-layer polymeric film (39, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44) wherein a first (39, 48) and second layers are in adherent contact over a coplanar coextensive region defining an at rest and open configuration resulting in a change of surface area (Figures 2-3), with a layer comprising an elastomeric band (40, 44) that is stretched during the configuration change.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 27-29, 32-35, and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hamlin (6,132,824). Hamlin discloses a multi-layer catheter balloon.

Regarding claims 27-29, 32-35, and 38 Hamlin discloses a medical balloon (40, 58) having a longitudinal axis and proximal (near 64) and distal (near 50) ends, the balloon formed of a polymer material (col 2, ln 30-50), the balloon connecting to a coaxial shaft (50) at a proximal end thereof and connecting to the same or a different coaxial shaft at the distal end thereof (62), and having a central body wall portion (near 68) between each end spaced apart from the balloon ends and connected thereto by means of tapering proximal and distal wall (Figures 5-6) portions, respectively, wherein the balloon further comprises a lumen (52) extending longitudinally there through, said lumen passing through the proximal and distal wall portions of the balloon (Figures 5-6).

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Hamlin discloses a polymeric balloon that is capable of being radiation cured and is capable of being made of a fluidizable polymer composition, that is comprised of a multi-layer polymeric film (64, 66, 68) wherein a first (64, 66) and second layers are in adherent contact over a coplanar coextensive region defining an at rest and open configuration resulting in a change of surface area (Figures 5-6)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 30-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C 103(a) as being unpatentable over Crocker et al. Crocker et al. meets the claim limitations as described above except for the specific embodiment being used in with a stent or with a rapid exchange catheter.

Regarding claims 30-31, Crocker et al. teaches a specific medical balloon structure that is disclosed of being used with rapid exchange and for delivery of stents to the vascular system (col 3, ln 40-70, col 4, ln 40-70, see summary of invention).

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At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to use the medical balloon as disclosed by the various embodiments and the disclosure of Crocker et al. in order to achieve a versatile controllable balloon element. The references are analogous in the art and with the instant invention; therefore, a combination is proper. Therefore, one skilled in the art would have combined the teachings in the references in light of the disclosure of Crocker et al.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: 6,299,595 (see PTO 892).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher D. Koharski whose telephone number is 571-272-7230. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am to 4:00pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nick Lucchesi can be reached on 571-272-4977. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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te: 5/4/07

Christopher D. Koharski AU 3763